## Homework 4, due 2/27

Only your four best solutions will count towards your grade.

1. Define the form

$$\omega = \frac{\sqrt{-1}}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} dz_i \wedge d\bar{z}_i$$

on  $\mathbf{C}^n$ , i.e. the associated (1,1)-form of the Euclidean metric. Find a function  $\phi : \mathbf{C}^n \to \mathbf{R}$  satisfying  $\omega = \sqrt{-1}\partial\overline{\partial}\phi$ .

- 2. Show that if  $u : \mathbf{C}^n \to \mathbf{R}$  satisfies  $\partial \bar{\partial} u = 0$ , then u is the real part of a holomorphic function.
- 3. Define the form

$$\omega = \sqrt{-1}\partial\overline{\partial}\log(1 + \|z\|^2)$$

on  $\mathbb{C}^n$ . Show that  $\omega$  is the associated (1,1)-form of a metric g, i.e. that the corresponding symmetric tensor g defines a positive definite inner product. *Hint: by symmetry it is enough to check this along a coordinate axis.* 

- 4. Show that  ${\bf C}^n$  does not have any compact complex submanifolds of positive dimension.
- 5. Let  $f: U \to \mathbf{C}$  be a smooth function, where  $U \subset \mathbf{C}^n$  is an open set. Let  $\Gamma_f \subset \mathbf{C}^{n+1}$  denote the graph of f. Show that f is holomorphic if and only if at each point  $p \in \Gamma_f$  the tangent space  $T_p\Gamma_f$  is a complex subspace of  $\mathbf{C}^{n+1}$ .
- 6. Let X be a complex manifold, and  $Y \subset X$  a smooth (real) submanifold. Show that X is a complex submanifold if and only if each tangent space  $T_pY \subset T_pX$  for  $p \in Y$  is invariant under the complex structure map  $I: T_pX \to T_pX$ .